



## PRESS RELEASE

### FROM RESEARCH TO ACTION: GLOBAL SCIENTIFIC COMMUNITY RELEASES 10 RECOMMENDATIONS TO GUIDE UN OCEAN CONFERENCE

**Nice, France – Thursday 5 June 2024** – Ahead of the third UN Ocean Conference (UNOC-3) next week, scientists at the [One Ocean Science Congress](#) are calling on Member States to take urgent and decisive action for the Ocean, guided by science.

Their 10 recommendations, developed by an International Scientific Committee over the course of a year, will be delivered to Heads of State and Government on Monday 8 June. Each recommendation features tangible measures which respond directly to the urgent climate and biodiversity crises and maximize the Ocean's potential to provide climate solutions.

#### ACTIONABLE SOLUTIONS GROUNDED IN SCIENCE

The Ocean absorbs 90% of excess heat in the atmosphere generated by human activity and carbon emissions, playing a critical role in regulating the planet's climate. Rising water temperatures, acidification and oxygen loss, however, are deteriorating the Ocean and its regulation capabilities. This decline, alongside rising sea levels, threatens global infrastructure and life on Earth.

The *One Ocean Science Congress* gathered scientists in Nice between 3-6 June to deliver a roadmap for global action for the Ocean centered around 10 recommendations:

1. Inspire Ocean stewardship through integrated knowledge
2. Promote safe and equitable Ocean-based climate solutions
3. Protect and restore marine and coastal ecosystems
4. Pause harmful seabed uses and expand deep-sea knowledge for sustainability
5. Equitably share marine genetic resource benefits.
6. End illicit, unreported and unregulated fishing, and boost transparency.
7. Build sustainable, equitable and safe Ocean-based food systems.
8. End marine plastic pollution.
9. Reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions and impacts of shipping
10. Invest in transdisciplinary knowledge for Ocean action

#### A GLOBAL VISION FOR A SHARED RESOURCE

Each year, 26 million tons of fish are caught illegally and between 8 and 10 tons of plastic pollution are produced. By enhancing transparency and ensuring countries remain accountable to existing international commitments, the recommendations aim to create a shared global legacy for the Ocean.

Among the urgent measures to be adopted, scientists call for leaders to:

- Effectively and permanently protect at least 30% of the Ocean

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- End the implementation of harmful subsidies and support a regenerative blue economy rooted in science
- Eliminate the progressive use of fossil fuels.

### EXPANDING OUR KNOWLEDGE TO AVERT IRREVERSIBLE DAMAGE

Today, only 1.7% of national research budgets on average are dedicated to Ocean research, despite the role it must play in tackling the triple crisis of climate change, biodiversity loss and pollution. The scientific community stands ready to accelerate Ocean research but warns that where the research remains unclear, decision-makers must proceed with caution. As such, it calls for global leaders to:

- Significantly increase investment into research, monitoring and modelling of the Ocean
- Acknowledge the importance of the deep-ocean and how little is still known about it
- Develop and research new approaches for removing carbon dioxide from the Ocean.

### ACTION FOR THE OCEAN MUST BENEFIT US ALL

Science shows that effective Ocean governance is founded on respect, equality and cooperation. To strengthen the legitimacy of Ocean policies and reduce inequalities, the scientific community calls on global leaders to:

- Recognize human rights in maritime governance, ensure fair and safe working conditions at sea, and support small-scale fishermen
- Involve traditionally excluded voices in decision-making processes, including coastal communities, countries in the Global South and youth
- Ensure equitable access to new technologies and the benefits derived from marine genetic resources.

### REINFORCING THE WORLD'S COLLECTIVE RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE OCEAN

**François Houllier, CEO of Ifremer and co-chair of the One Ocean Science Congress International Scientific Committee comments:**

*"Our recommendations are ready: now it's time for action. The international scientific community is committed to working tirelessly to deliver new data and expand our knowledge to help the Ocean thrive. Ahead of the UN Ocean Conference we are equipping leaders with a solid, scientific basis for their decision-making, because the future of the ocean – and our communities – depend on it."*

**Jean-Pierre Gattuso, Director of Research at CNRS and co-chair of the One Ocean Science Congress International Scientific Committee adds:**

*"The science is clear: we know how to protect the Ocean, yet global implementation of these proven solutions remains woefully inadequate. Today we are calling on global leaders to rise to this global, collective challenge to preserve the Ocean for years to come."*

The One Ocean Science Congress was organized by CNRS and Ifremer.

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## NOTES TO EDITORS:

The full scientific recommendations will be published on the Congress' website (<https://one-ocean-science-2025.org/media.html>).

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## Our partners

The *One Ocean Science Congress* was organized by CNRS and Ifremer, with the support of the French Ministry for Higher Education and Research and the participation of the University of Costa Rica, the National University of Costa Rica, UNESCO's Intergovernmental Oceanography Commission, and the French Ministry for Europe and Foreign Affairs.

This event was made possible by partners including Global ONCE, Aix-Marseille University, the national research agency (ANR), Côte d'Azur University, the National Centre for Space Studies (CNES), the Polytechnic Institute of Paris (ENSTA), the European Commission, the Research Institute for Development (IRD), La Rochelle University, the National Museum of Natural History (MNHN), the French Office for Biodiversity (OFB), Sorbonne University, the University of Western Brittany (UBO) and the University of Toulon. The Save our Seas Foundation, the Scientific Committee for Ocean Research (SCOR) and the European Marine Board (EMR) also provided invaluable support.

## About CNRS

A major player delivering fundamental research on a global scale, the [French National Centre for Scientific Research \(CNRS\)](#) is the only French institution active across all scientific fields. Its unique position as a multidisciplinary organization allows it to bring together disciplines to address contemporary challenges in collaboration with public and socio-economic stakeholders. Together, every scientific discipline is helping us build sustainable progress that benefits all of society.

Among CNRS' 29,000 scientists, a thousand are dedicated to uncovering the Ocean's secrets. Together, they combine their expertise to understand how the Ocean functions and anticipate changes resulting from human activity and climate change pressures. Deep-sea ecosystems are being studied by biologists, while engineers are developing sensors and robotics to explore these inaccessible areas. On the Ocean's surface, climatologists are analyzing how the Ocean regulates the global climate, computer scientists are using artificial intelligence to analyze millions of underwater images, while sociologists and economist are assessing the impact of human activity, such as overfishing or plastic pollution, to propose sustainable solutions. By combining their knowledge, researchers are working together to understand, preserve and restore the Ocean, to maintain the balance of our planet.

## About Ifremer

Building on the pioneering legacy of French oceanography, [Ifremer](#) has been pursuing marine knowledge for over 40 years. As the only French public research institute entirely dedicated to the Ocean, it explores every frontier of marine science – from the deep sea to the surface, from the coast to the open ocean. It has 24 locations spread across the world's second-largest maritime domain. Through its marine operations subsidiary Genavir, Ifremer manages the French Oceanographic Fleet, deploying 17 ships and 6 underwater vehicles for the benefit of the national scientific community.

Its 1,500 researchers, engineers, and technicians conduct scientific investigations, deliver expert assessments and innovate to protect and restore the Ocean, manage marine resources sustainably and

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collect and share key data on marine ecosystems. Committed to open science, Ifremer fosters close ties with society to address major collective challenges related to climate change, biodiversity loss, and the development of a sustainable blue economy. Every day, Ifremer's teams generate the knowledge needed to safeguard the system that makes life possible on Earth – the Ocean – and ensure it remains a steadfast ally of our blue planet.

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